# ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT SUPER PLUS PREMIUM



#### **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Compiled in accordance with REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as retained and amended in UK law

ISSUE DATE: 03.12.2014 REVISION DATE: 27.04.2022 SUPERSEDES: 05.11.2019

VERSION: 2.3

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Antifreeze/Coolant Super Plus Premium

Product code : Ford Internal Ref.: 194810

SDS Number : 5532

UFI : 2AHD-KJH4-8001-C7TJ

Product use : Public use

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Function or use category : Anti-Freeze and De-icing products

1.2.2. Uses advised against

Restrictions on use : None known

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Distributor

Ford-Werke GmbH Ford Motor Company Ltd.

Edsel-Ford-Str. 2-14 Parts Distribution Centre
50769 Cologne Royal Oak Way South
Germany NN11 8NT Daventry, Northants

+49 221 90-33333 United Kingdom sdseu@ford.com +44 1327 305 198

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+49 (0) 6132-84463 (GBK GmbH - 24/7)

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations

Health hazards Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Specific target organ toxicity – H373 May cause damage to organs (kidneys)
Repeated exposure, Category 2 through prolonged or repeated exposure

(oral).

# Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

# Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No additional information available

### 2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning
Contains Ethanediol

**Hazard statements** 

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H373 May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

**Precautionary statements** 

General

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention

P260 Do not breathe vapours, mist.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Response

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII.

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII.

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS- No EC- No Index No RRN	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Notes
Ethanediol	107-21-1 203-473-3 603-027-00-1 01-2119456816-28-XXXX	80 - < 98	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 (ATE=500 mg/kg bodyweight) STOT RE 2, H373	#
Sodium 2-ethylhexanoate	19766-89-3 243-283-8	0,1 - < 3	Repr. 2, H361d	*

Comments : #: substance with a Community workplace exposure limit

\* According the Guidance for Annex V of 30 March 2010 that the typical salts formed in coolant formulation fall under the exemptions and should not be registered under REACH provided that the precursor chemicals that are used to form the ionic mixtures are themselves registered.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to

protect themselves.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if

you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately and thoroughly, pulling the eyelids well away from the eye (15 minutes

minimum). Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Product code: Ford Internal Ref.: 194810 GB - en Revision date: 4/27/2022 2/10

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause irritation. Dry skin. Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Exposure may cause temporary irritation, redness, or discomfort.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. Repeated contact. May affect kidneys. Overexposure may result in :

Convulsions. Dizziness. Nausea. Vomiting. Abdominal pain. Swelling. Prolonged exposure may

cause chronic effects.

Chronic symptoms : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol resistant foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a water jet since it may cause the fire to spread.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move

containers from fire area if it can be done without personal risk. Ensure adequate ventilation,

especially in confined areas.

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing

apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. For personal protection, see

section 8 of the SDS.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate area. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Avoid breathing mist or vapor.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be

contained.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to

section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate area.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up : Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Small spills: Wipe up with absorbent

material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Never return spills in original containers for re-use. Local authorities

should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

# 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For disposal of residues refer to section 13: "Disposal considerations".

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear personal protective

equipment.

Hygiene measures : Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and

before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to

remove contaminants. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from

incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep out of reach of children.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidizing agent.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Anti-Freeze and De-icing products.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

**IOEL STEL** 

#### 8.1.1. National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Ethanediol (107-21-1)		
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)		
Local name	Ethylene glycol	
IOEL TWA	52 mg/m³	
IOEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm	

IOEL STEL [ppm] 40 ppm

Remark Skin

Regulatory reference COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2000/39/EC

### **United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits**

Local name Ethane-1,2-diol

WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1] 10 mg/m³ particulate

52 mg/m³ vapour

104 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [2] 20 ppm vapour
WEL STEL (OEL STEL) 104 mg/m³ vapour

WEL STEL 40 ppm vapour

Remark Sk (Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are

concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity)

Regulatory reference EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

# 8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

No additional information available

# 8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

#### 8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

### Ethanediol (107-21-1)

#### **DNEL/DMEL (Workers)**

Long-term - systemic effects, dermal 106 mg/kg bodyweight/day

Long-term - local effects, inhalation 35 mg/m³

 Product code: Ford Internal Ref.: 194810
 GB - en
 Revision date: 4/27/2022
 4/10

#### **DNEL/DMEL (General population)**

Long-term - systemic effects, dermal 53 mg/kg bodyweight/day

Long-term - local effects, inhalation 7 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

PNEC (Water)

PNEC aqua (freshwater) 10 mg/l
PNEC aqua (marine water) 1 mg/l
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater) 10 mg/l

PNEC (Sediment)

PNEC sediment (freshwater) 37 mg/kg dwt
PNEC sediment (marine water) 3.7 mg/kg dwt

PNEC (Soil)

PNEC soil 1.53 mg/kg dwt

PNEC (STP)

PNEC sewage treatment plant 199.5 mg/l

#### 8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

### Appropriate engineering controls:

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Personal protective equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the protective equipment.

#### 8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

#### Eve protection:

Safety glasses with side shields. EN 166.

#### 8.2.2.2. Skin protection

#### Hand protection:

EN 374. Protective gloves. The recommendation is only valid for the supplied product and the stated application. Special working conditions, like heat or mechanical strain, which deviate from the test conditions, can reduce the protective effect provided by the recommended glove

Material	Permeation	Thickness (mm)	Comments
Nitrile rubber (NBR)	6 (> 480 minutes)	0,4	Glove recommendation: Camatril Velours® 730 (Kächele-Cama GmbH, source of supply see www.kcl.de) or comparable product.
In case of splash contact: Nitrile rubber (NBR)	6 (> 480 minutes)	0,4	Glove recommendation: Camatril Velours® 730 (Kächele-Cama GmbH, source of supply see www.kcl.de) or comparable product.

### Other skin protection

# Materials for protective clothing:

Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment

# 8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

#### Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Combinationfilter A-P2

# 8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

#### Thermal hazard protection:

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

#### **Environmental exposure controls:**

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases.

#### Consumer exposure controls:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

#### Other information:

Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid Colour orange. Appearance : Liquid. Odour : mild. Odour threshold : Not available Melting point : Not available Freezing point : -18 °C (-0,4 °F) : ≥ 175 °C (>= 347 °F) Boiling point

Flammability : Not applicable
Explosive limits : Not available
Lower explosive limit (LEL) : Not available
Upper explosive limit (UEL) : Not available

Flash point : 122 °C (251,6 °F) Closed cup ( Pensky-Martens )

: Not applicable

: Not applicable

Not applicable

: Not available Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature : Not available : 8.6 @ 20°C рΗ Viscosity, kinematic : Not available : Soluble in water. Solubility Log Kow : Not available Vapour pressure : Not available : Not available Vapour pressure at 50 °C Density : 1.113 kg/l @ 20°C : Not available Relative density Relative vapour density at 20 °C : Not available : Not applicable Particle size Particle size distribution Not applicable Particle shape : Not applicable Particle aspect ratio : Not applicable Particle aggregation state : Not applicable

# 9.2. Other information

Particle dustiness

Particle agglomeration state Particle specific surface area

# 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No additional information available

# 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC content : 3 %

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# 10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Contact with incompatible materials.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Peroxides. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Chlorates.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Elevated temperature. Ketones. Aldehydes.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

: Harmful if swallowed. Acute toxicity (oral)

Acute toxicity (dermal) : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Antifusora/Coolant Super Blue Bramium	·
Antifreeze/Coolant Super Plus Premium	
ATE CLP (oral)	532 mg/kg bodyweight
Ethanediol (107-21-1)	
ATE CLP (oral)	500 mg/kg bodyweight
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	pH: 8.6 @ 20°C
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	pH: 8.6 @ 20°C
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Carcinogenicity	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Reproductive toxicity	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
STOT-single exposure	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
STOT-repeated exposure	: May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).
Ethanediol (107-21-1)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

Ethanediol (107-21-1)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).
Aspiration hazard	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

No additional information available

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(chronic)

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

# **Antifreeze/Coolant Super Plus Premium**

Persistence and degradability Expected to be biodegradable.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

#### Ethanediol (107-21-1)

Log Pow -1.36

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### **Antifreeze/Coolant Super Plus Premium**

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII.

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

: No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this product

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional legislation (waste)

: Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Waste treatment methods

Collect and reclaim or dispose in closed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

: Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery or waste in accordance with local regulation.

European List of Waste (LoW) code

The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

16 01 14\* - antifreeze fluids containing dangerous substances

15 01 10\* - packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID Not regulated for transport

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

#### EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)

Reference code Applicable on 3. Ethanediol

3(b) Antifreeze/Coolant Super Plus Premium; Ethanediol; Sodium 2-ethylhexanoate

Contains no substance on the REACH candidate list

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

Contains no substance subject to Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals.

Contains no substance subject to Regulation (EU) No 2019/1021 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on persistent organic pollutants

VOC content : 3 %

Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations: Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work, as amended. Directive 98/24/EC on

the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work, as amended. Directive 92/85/EEC on the safety and health of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding as amended. For details, refer to section 3 and 8.

Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III)

Seveso Additional information : Not applicable

Product code: Ford Internal Ref.: 194810 GB - en Revision date: 4/27/2022 8/10

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

No additional information available

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Indication of changes:

Section 1 - Section 16.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF Bioconcentration factor

CLP Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

DMEL Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL Derived-No Effect Level

DPD Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC

EC50 Median effective concentration

 IARC
 International Agency for Research on Cancer

 IATA
 International Air Transport Association

 IMDG
 International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50 Median lethal concentration LD50 Median lethal dose

 LOAEL
 Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

 NOAEC
 No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration

 NOAEL
 No-Observed Adverse Effect Level

 NOEC
 No-Observed Effect Concentration

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SDS Safety Data Sheet
STP Sewage treatment plant
TLM Median Tolerance Limit

vPvB Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

OEL Occupational Exposure Limit RRN REACH Registration no.

TWA Time Weighted Average. The average concentration of a chemical in air over the total exposure time-usually an 8-hour

workday.

VOC Volatile organic compounds STEL Short-term Exposure Limit

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of

 $16\ December\ 2008\ on\ classification,\ labelling\ and\ packaging\ of\ substances\ and\ mixtures,$  amending\ and\ repealing\ Directives\ 67/548/EEC\ and\ 1999/45/EC,\ and\ amending\ Regulation\ (EC)

No 1907/2006.

Training advice : Normal use of this product shall imply use in accordance with the instructions on the packaging.

#### Full text of H- and EUH-statements

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repr. 2 Reproductive toxicity, Category 2

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2

# Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302 Calculation method STOT RE 2 H373 Calculation method

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.



# **Attachment to the Safety Data Sheet**

**Product Name:** Antifreeze/Coolant Super Plus Premium

Ford Int. Ref. No.: 194810 Revision Date: 27.04.2022

### **Involved Products:**

Finiscode	Part number	Container Size:
1 2 361 569	FU7J 19544 AD	1 I
2 2 361 571	FU7J 19544 BD	51
3 1 931 964	FU7J 19544 DA	60 I
4 1 931 966	FU7J 19544 EA	200 I